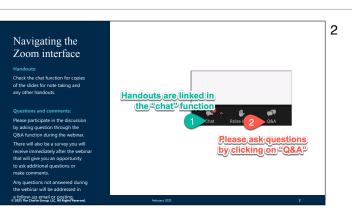
Don't fall into the QAPI trap

Avoid significant CMS sanctions while improving performance and safety







4 High Reliability Care be cli mi Bylaws, Rules and Regulations, and Peer Review Clinical Compliance, Regulatory, and Physical Environment Solutions High Reliability Organization (HRO) External Peer Review Bylaws and rules and regulatio assessment and redesign Peer review assessment and redesign High reliability organizational design and infrastructure Quality, Value, and Performance Improvement Adverse event response Physician/advanced practice professional external peer rev Focused Professional Practice Evaluation (FPPE) Adverse event response Adverse action regulatory response and remediation Accrediting body readiness assessment Regulatory readiness rehearsal / mock surveys Quality ratings and rankings optimization Medical staff / medical director structure and governance Ongoing case review in support of OPPE/FPPE Patient safety / harm reduction / safety and reliability culture Adverse event response and remediation / RCA Medical necessity reviews Patient safety/carequality case reviews Credentialing, OPPE Life safety and environment of care assessment Policy simplification Infection prevention program High fidelity measurement / Clinical Documentation Integrity (CDI) are facilitation MEMBERSHIP AND PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION SERVICES 025 The Chartis Group, LLC. All Rights Rese





We are a partner to healthcare organizations nationwide, helping to advance patient safety and clinical quality for the past 30+ years. We help healthcare providers achieve top-tier clinical performance through: 5

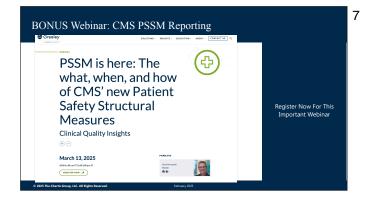
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Today's

This is a continuation of our QAPI series. Our panel will discuss common failure points and practical approaches to implement a comprehensive and effective quality and safety program.



Joshua Cartwright, DHA, MHL, CPHQ, FACHDM Associate Partner, High Reliability Care & Compliance 8



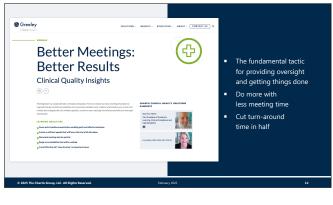
Bud Pate RHES Consultant Emeritus, Compliance & High Reliability Care

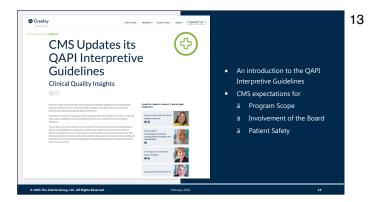
66 Following the path to High Reliability



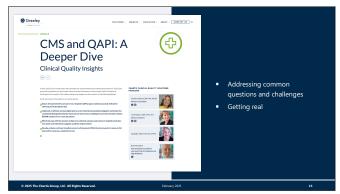


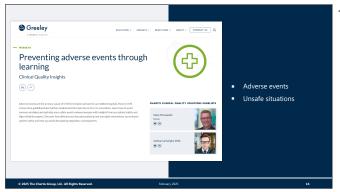








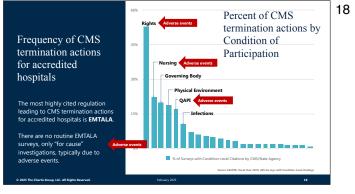




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Transforming available data into actionable information by executives and the Board





Beyond Root Cause Analysis

Hospital executives

WHAT THEY KNOW IMMEDIATELY

- Strategic alliances Revenue
- Star rating Budget Vacancies Satisfaction
- Capital projects

WHERE THEY ARE VAGUE

- Departmental performance
- At-risk processes
- QAPI
- Patient safety
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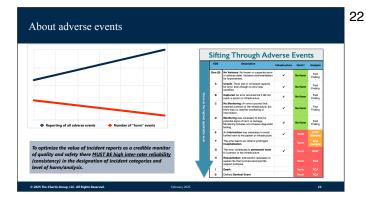


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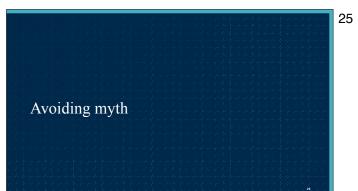
Zero harm *does* not mean zero incident reports

- To approach zero harm one must increase the reporting of all events and unsafe conditions.
- Many hospitals fail to accurately message this concept.



23 Connecting with executive leadership





Common QAPI failure points

- Scope: Lack of attention to the performance of all parts of the organization, not just those with public benchmarks.
- Contract monitoring: Due to pervasive misunderstandings of the actual requirement, contracted services are not monitored correctly.
 Poor performance: Tolerance for persistently poor performance on departmental or service indicators.
- or server invariants.
 Fragmentation: Lack of integration of non-clinical services (e.g., environment of care) and functions with specific monitoring requirements (e.g., medication safety, antibiotic stewardship, workplace violence, maternal safety) within the QAPI structure.
- Executive and board focus: Absence of an effective mechanism for hospital
 executive and the governing body to oversee all aspects of the QAPI program.
- Oversight: Ineffective oversight meetings without a credible process for data analysis (conclusions), accountability for actions, and follow-up to make sure actions taken were effective.

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Modern QAPI programs tend to focus on Hospital-Acquired Conditions (HAC penalties) and other Hospital Compare and Pay for Performance indicators rather than the entire scope of services. Medical error reduction (patient

Medical error reduction (patient safety) programs often sulfer due to a priority on analyzing significant harm events rather than permanently fixing the underlying process flaws that caused them.

Contract monitoring

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- Participation in the QAPI program is required for contracted services (NOT purchase agreements).
 Contracted services must be provided in compliance with federal regulations,
- including the Medicare Conditions of Participation.

 The Board must oversee the degree to which individual contractors meet regulatory and internal expectations.
 - regulatory and internal expectations. ä Inventory of contracted services.
 - a Very brief annual review of each contract:
 Meets expectations in the contract.
 - Does not meet expectations (Explain) Actions taken when expectations not met
- DO NOT make indicators part of the contracting process. Leave that to the quality and safety program. Instead, require that contractors fully participate in QAPL including the collection and reporting of indicators and other information required by the approved QAPI plan.

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the contract or an attachment to the contract must include indicators.

REALITY:

the contract must include the scope of services provided and performance expectations (NOT indicators).

KAMPLES:

"participate in the QAPI program" "provide services in compliance with the Conditions of Participation"

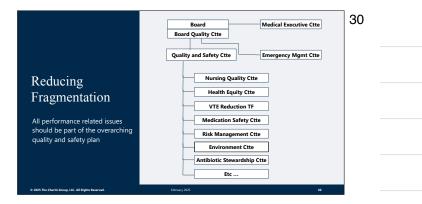
Poor performance

- Don't measure it if you don't intend to improve sub-threshold performance.
- Better to have one concurrent and overarching monitor than 10 retrospective chart review indicators that do not get to the actual safety issue.

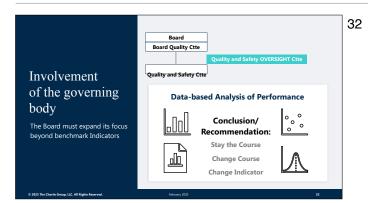
Example: Monitoring of Restraint

- 28
- Documentation of Monitoring (retrospectific charteriew)
 April: 75%, May 80%, June 70%, July 75% ... e
- Face to Face Evaluation within 1 hour of i application / Violent Restraint (retrospec, echatreview) April: 75%, May 80%, June 70%, July 75%... etc.
- Appropriateness of Restraint (concurrent care facilitation)
 "Yes" plus "No-Corrected"
 April: 97%, May 95%, June 98%, July 100% et
- Safety of Restraint Method (concurrent c
 "Yes" plus "No-Corrected"
 April: 100%, May 100%, June 100%, July 100% ... etc.









Quality and Safety Oversight Committee Tools: • Executive level – a quality and safety focused "A Team" • Each agenda item with • Assign Accountabilities • Objective: why is this on the agenda • Prioritize • Analysis-based recommendation • Allocate Resources • Accountability racking tool with follow-up • React Quickly to Threats and Opportunities • Agenda becomes minutes at the end of the meeting

All agenda items are "action ready."

 If there is no recommended action, the issue is not ready to go to the committee.

This is not a problem-solving group.
 QSOC acts on recommendations and ensures accountabilities are realized.

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Oversight

Twice as much accomplished in half the meeting time.

Issue TAT decreased by 70%

The size and number of committees renders them ineffective for the purpose of performance oversight





